

# Calculus III

## Section 11.2

Vectors in Space:

- a) Distance Between the points  $(x_1, y_1, z_1)$  and  $(x_2, y_2, z_2)$ :

$$d = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2 + (z_2 - z_1)^2}$$

- b) Let  $\mathbf{u} = \langle u_1, u_2, u_3 \rangle$  and  $\mathbf{v} = \langle v_1, v_2, v_3 \rangle$

- Vector Equality:  $\mathbf{u} = \mathbf{v}$  if and only if  $u_1 = v_1, u_2 = v_2, u_3 = v_3$ .

- Magnitude or Length:  $\|\mathbf{u}\| = \sqrt{(u_1)^2 + (u_2)^2 + (u_3)^2}; \quad \|\mathbf{v}\| = \sqrt{(v_1)^2 + (v_2)^2 + (v_3)^2}$

- c) Equation of Sphere: Let  $(x_o, y_o, z_o)$  be center of sphere and  $r$  be the radius.

$$(x - x_o)^2 + (y - y_o)^2 + (z - z_o)^2 = r^2$$

- 1) Describe the set of points that satisfies the given condition.

a)  $z = 0$

b)  $y = 0$

c)  $x = 0$

d)  $z = 4$

e)  $x = -2$

- 2) Describe the set of points that satisfies the given condition.

a)  $z < 0$

b)  $y > 0$

c)  $xy > 0$

- 3) Find the equation of the sphere.

center:  $(1, 3, 5)$  radius = 4

4) Find center and radius of the sphere.

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 4x - 6y - 6z + 2 = 0$$

5) Find center and radius of the sphere.

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - x - y - z - 6 = 0$$

6) Let  $\mathbf{u} = \langle 2, 3, 5 \rangle$ ,  $\mathbf{v} = \langle 1, 8, 12 \rangle$ , and  $\mathbf{w} = \langle -1, -8, 2 \rangle$

a) Find  $3\mathbf{u} - 5\mathbf{v} + 2\mathbf{w}$

b) Find  $\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{u} - 4\mathbf{v} + \frac{1}{3}\mathbf{w}$

7) Let  $\mathbf{u} = \langle 2, 3, 5 \rangle$ ,  $\mathbf{v} = \langle 1, 8, 12 \rangle$ , and  $\mathbf{w} = \langle -1, -8, 2 \rangle$

a) Find  $\|\mathbf{u}\|$

b) Find  $\|\mathbf{v}\|$

c) Find  $\|\mathbf{w}\|$

8) Let  $\mathbf{u} = \langle 2, 3, 5 \rangle$ ,  $\mathbf{v} = \langle 1, 8, 12 \rangle$ , and  $\mathbf{w} = \langle -1, -8, 2 \rangle$

a) Find  $\frac{\mathbf{u}}{\|\mathbf{u}\|}$  and  $\left\| \frac{\mathbf{u}}{\|\mathbf{u}\|} \right\|$ .

b) Find  $\frac{\mathbf{v}}{\|\mathbf{v}\|}$  and  $\left\| \frac{\mathbf{v}}{\|\mathbf{v}\|} \right\|$ .

c) Find  $\frac{\mathbf{w}}{\|\mathbf{w}\|}$  and  $\left\| \frac{\mathbf{w}}{\|\mathbf{w}\|} \right\|$ .